

VC200 Reflective Air Leakage & Vapour Control Layer

Product Description

Novia® VC200 Reflective is a high performance, reflective Air & Vapour Control Layer (AVCL). The material meets BS EN 13984 and is UKCA approved. Novia® VC200 has excellent moisture vapour resistance and is suitable for use in insulated wall, floor or roof applications where high moisture vapour resistance is required. Novia® VC200 also has a reflectivity of 98%, which will significantly improve both U and r values. When correctly installed, it is possible to achieve an additional r value of up to 0.74m²K/W*. Due to the use of high performance materials, Novia® VC200 will provide a low moisture vapour permeability solution. Novia® VC200 complies to EN 13501-1 Fire Classification Class E. Novia® VC200 is available in two roll sizes, 1.5m x 50m or 2.7m x 100m. The product is reflective on one side, white on the reverse, with no text or images.

Features

- UKCA approved to BS EN 13984
- 98% reflectivity, which can improve r values by up to 0.74 m²K/W
- Low moisture vapour permeability which minimises interstitial condensation
- Improves insulation performance, reducing energy costs
- EN 13501-1 Fire Classification E
- Helps towards BS 5250 requirements

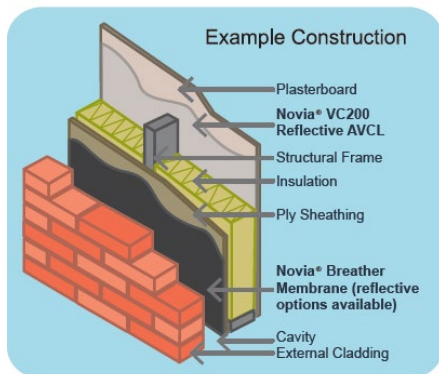
Typical Applications

- Air leakage barrier and vapour control layer (AVCL)
- Insulated wall,
- Roof
- Floor

	Value
Standard Width	1.5/2.7m EN 1848-2
Roll Length	50/100m EN 1848-2
Roll weight	7/24kg EN 1849-2
Nominal Weight	82g/m ² EN1849-2
Tensile strength MD/CD	>140/>110N/50mm EN 12311-1
Elongation MD/CD	>100/>5% EN 12311-1
Tear resistance MD/CD	>100/>120N EN 12310-1
Water vapour permability in Sd	200m EN 1931
Resistance to water penetration	Pass EN 1928
Reaction to fire	E Class EN 13501-1

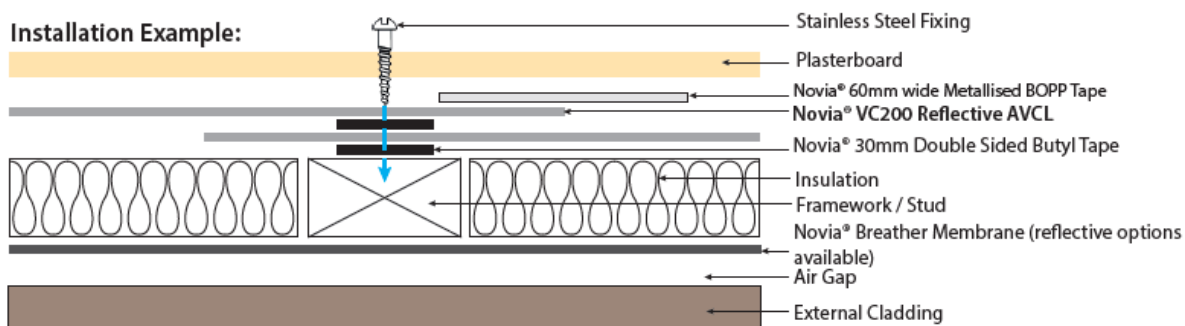
Installation guidance:

Air and Vapour Control Layers (AVCL) should always be installed on the warm side, the inside of the building envelope, within all insulated wall or roof applications. AVCLs should normally be used in conjunction with Novia® breather membranes which are installed on the cold side, the outside of the building envelope, before cladding is installed.



Novia® AVCLs will only perform correctly if properly installed. It is therefore essential to use Novia® AVCL tapes, as part of a two-tape sealing system. For best results, Novia® Double-Sided Butyl Tape should be used in conjunction with a single sided lap tape, either Novia® BOPP Tape or Novia® Aluminium Foil Tape. If the AVCL is not installed using the Novia® two-tape sealing system, it will not provide the necessary building design outcomes. A poorly installed AVCL will not prevent structural damage from unwanted interstitial condensation, which can lead to future structural failures (such as rotten timbers) and can also reduce the thermal performance of the insulation. One of the major causes of interstitial condensation problems within finished buildings is due to poorly installed membranes, and can often be due to the use of incorrect tapes.

We recommend the use of Novia® 30mm wide Double-Sided Butyl tape and Novia® 60mm wide Metallised BOPP Tape. In addition, Novia® Airseal 310 AVCL sealant can be used in all applications where additional sealing is required, for example internal corners, floor sections or window reveals. See individual tape and sealant datasheets for further product specific information.



Please note - this diagram is not to scale and should only be used as guidance for the installation.

We recommend that in order to improve overall airtightness, Novia® butyl tape is pre-applied to the construction framework on areas where a mechanical fixing is to be made. By preparing the installation in this way when mechanically fixing either the AVCL membrane to itself, and/or to the final internal lining, an airtight seal will be maintained.

Using suitable galvanised or stainless steel mechanical fixings, which will be permanent, attach the membrane to the framework structure.

All membrane joints should have a 150mm overlap and, where possible, be situated on a stud, rafter, timber or other

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framework.

Care should be taken to ensure that the membrane is not damaged during installation, and that all service entry points are properly sealed with Novia® tapes.

Achieved U and r values of the construction are improved when Novia® VC200 is installed with the reflective side facing a minimum 25mm air cavity, by up to an additional 0.74 m²K/W*. (*The r value achieved by the low emissivity cavity depends on horizontal and vertical heat flows).

Other Notes:

The passage of water vapour through a building envelope needs to be correctly managed to limit unwanted and damaging precipitation or condensation within the interstitial layer (the layer of the external building fabric, walls / roof and insulation). This would usually occur over the winter in the UK as heavily moisture-laden warm air moves outwards through the structure and cools, due to the typical 20°C to 25°C temperature difference between the internal and external environmental conditions. As cool air can hold much less moisture, warm air that already has a high humidity will release moisture into the atmosphere in the form of water droplets. Think of this process as the changing of water from a gas into a liquid. This water will damage the internal structures of the building over the long term and reduce the thermal performance of the insulation. As little as 3% moisture deposited within the interstitial layer can reduce the stated thermal performance of some types of insulation by 30% or more.

Novia® AVCL products are used to manage the transition of water vapour through the building envelope. Water vapour is initially present in a building due to the construction process, but it continues to be generated on an on-going basis as a result of occupants general use of the building (for example steam from showers & kitchens etc). One way that water vapour moves through the building envelope is by the process of diffusion, whereby it passes directly through a material rather than via any breaks or holes in the structure itself. However, direct moisture diffusion through materials is not the only way that water vapour moves through a building structure.

Novia® AVCL products will also prevent the unwanted movement of air through any physical holes within the structure, a process which is referred to as air leakage, which is a naturally occurring effect caused by the heat transfer process of convection. Prevention of air leakage is vital to reduce expensive convection energy losses and improve the energy efficiency of the final construction. This is achieved by installing a sealed and airtight barrier in the building envelope. Air leakage will also lead to the deposit of large amounts of unwanted moisture in the same way as vapour diffusion does, and installations that do not take account of these issues will inevitably have serious problems.

A Novia® Breather Membrane should usually be installed on the cold side of the structure to allow easy release of excess moisture vapour into the atmosphere, whilst also performing the task of a secondary protection membrane and preventing penetration by external environmental impurities such as dirt and rain.

Novia® stocks a wide range of grades and sizes of AVCL membranes and will always have one to suit your particular requirements readily available, including our reflective grades which improve the achieved U and r values of any given construction when installed facing a minimum 25mm cavity.

For the optimum effectiveness of any Air & Vapour Control Layer ensure that the building is constructed fully in accordance with all current Building Regulations and Standards.

Always handle material carefully to prevent tears and punctures. Repair any on-site damage with Novia® tapes.

All Novia® products should be stored horizontally, indoors and out of direct sunlight. External storage must be on a temporary basis. When stored externally, Novia® products should be covered and protected from exposure to weather conditions, especially wind, rain, frost and UV. Pallets should not be stacked.

Please note: The above technical information is given as a guide and is based on recent test data obtained under laboratory conditions. Materials should be fully tested by the end user to establish suitability of the product for the intended application. March 2024

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