

Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Issue date: 25/3/2024 Version: 1.0

SealPrem Ready-Mixed Plaster

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product Name/Identifier

SealPrem Ready-Mixed Plaster.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Joining Compound. For professional users/industrial user only.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Premier Sealant Systems Ltd. Mercia Way, Foxhills Industrial Park, Scunthorpe, North Lincolnshire, DN15 8RE Tel. 01724 864 100

1.4. Emergency telephone number

NPIS (National Poisons Information Service): 0344 892 0111 (for medical professionals only). For medical advice, members of the public should contact NHS 111 in England: 111; NHS 24 in Scotland: 111; NHS Direct in Wales: 111 or 0845 4647. In Northern Ireland: contact your local GP or pharmacist. In Europe call 112.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to GB CLP Regulation

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements:

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P501: Dispose of the contents and/or its container in line with regulations on dangerous waste

Premier Sealant Systems Ltd.



or packaging and waste packaging respectively.

Supplemental label information

EUH208: Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate, Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3. Other hazards

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

This product is a mixture. In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

Chemical name/Classification	
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate Acute Tox. 3: H331; Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT RE 1: H372 - Danger	0.1 - <1 %
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger	0,01 - <0.1 %
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) Acute Tox. 2: H310+H330; Acute Tox. 3: H301; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1:	<0.01%
	3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate Acute Tox. 3: H331; Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT RE 1: H372 - Danger 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Acute Tox. 4: H302; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) Acute Tox. 2: H310+H330; Acute Tox. 3: H301; Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 1: H410;

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.#

Other information:

Identification	M-factor		
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate		Acute	10
CAS: 55406-53-6		Chronic	1
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothi	iazol-3-one (3:1)	Acute	100
CAS: 55965-84-9		Chronic	100
Identification Specifi		- fic concentration l	imit
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS:		Skin Sens. 1 - H31	7
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl- % (w/w) >=0,6: Skin Corr. 1C - H314		4	
		<0,6: Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
CAS: 55965-84-9	% (w/w) >=0,6: Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
	0,06<= % (w/w) < % (w/w) >=0,001	0,6: Eye Irrit. 2 - H3 5: Skin Sens. 1A - I	319 H317



Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acu	Acute toxicity		
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate	LD50 oral	1100 mg/kg	Rat	
CAS: 55406-53-6	LD50 dermal	Not relevant		
CA3.33400 33 0	LC50 inhalation	3 mg/L (ATEi)		
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg	Rat	
CAS: 2634-33-5	LD50 dermal	Not relevant		
CAS: 2034-33-3	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant		
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-	LD50 oral	64 mg/kg	Rat	
2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1)	LD50 dermal	87.12 mg/kg	Rabbit	
CAS: 55965-84-9	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant		

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin contact:

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or if symptoms persist, seek medical attention and show this SDS. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Inhalation:	his product is not classified as hazardous throug	h inhalation.

However, in case of intoxication symptoms it is recommended to remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms

persist.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down

to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. This product is not classified as hazardous when in contact with

the skin. However, in case of skin contact it is recommended to remove contaminated clothes and shoes, rinse the skin or if necessary shower the affected person thoroughly with cold water and neutral soap. In case of serious reaction consult a

doctor.

Eye contact: Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes.

Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted

as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

Notes for the doctor

Not applicable.

Specific treatments

Treat symptomatically.



5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, manipulation and use, but the product contains flammable substances. In the case of inflammation as a result of improper manipulation, storage or use preferably use polyvalent powder extinguishers (ABC powder), in accordance with the Regulation on fire protection systems.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit). Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves).

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Evacuate the area and keep out those who do not have protection.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.



Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

It is recommended: Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

A.- General precautions for safe use:

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks with regards manually handling weights. Maintain order, cleanliness and dispose of using safe methods (section 6).

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions:

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, handling and use. It is recommended to transfer at slow speeds to avoid the generation of electrostatic charges that can affect flammable products. Consult section 10 for information on conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene:

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks:

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash their hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location. Maximum temperature +30°C. Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5.

Storage class

Not classified.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Field of application of the product is described in Technical data sheet (TDS).



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace: There are no applicable occupational exposure limits for the substances contained in the product.

DNEL (Workers)

		Short exposure		Long	exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate CAS: 55406-53-6 EC: 259-627-5	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	2mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	0.07mg/m ²	1.16mg/m³	0.023mg/m ³	1.16mg/m³
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one CAS: 2634-33-5	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0.966mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 220-120-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	6.81mg/m ³	Non-applicable

DNEL (General population)

		Short exposure		Long e	xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 2634-33-5	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0.345mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 220-120-9	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1.2mg/m ³	Non-applicable

Predicted No Effect Concentration

Identification				
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate	STP	0.44mg/L	Fresh water	0.001mg/L
CAS: 55406-53-6 EC: 259-627-5	Soil	0.005mg/kg	Marine water	0mg/L
	Intermittent	0.00 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.017mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.002mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	STP	1.03mg/L	Fresh water	0.0040 mg/L
CAS: 2634-33-5	Soil	3mg/kg	Marine water	0.000403mg/L
EC: 220-120-9	Intermittent	0.0011mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.0499mg/kg
LC. 220-120-7	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.00499mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate ventilation, emergency shower and eyewash station recommended.

Eye/face protection

Mandatory face protection. Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.

Hand protection

Mandatory hand protection. Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm).



Other skin and body protection

Work clothing. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 6529:2013, EN ISO 6530:2005, EN ISO 13688:2013, EN 464:1994.

Anti-slip work shoes. For periods of prolonged exposure to the product for professional/industrial users CE III is recommended, in accordance with the regulations in EN ISO 20345:2012 y EN 13832-1:2007.

Respiratory protection

The use of protection equipment will be necessary if a mist forms or if the occupational exposure limits are exceeded.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Environmental exposure controls

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

The Volatile Organic Compounds in Paints, Varnishes and Vehicle Refinishing Products Regulations 2012:

V.O.C. (Supply): 1.4% weight

V.O.C. density at 20°C: 18.04kg/m³ (18.04g/l)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Paste Colour White

Odour Not available
Odour threshold Not available
pH Not available
Melting point Not applicable
Initial boiling point and range 210 °C

Flash point

Non Flammable (>60°C)

Evaporation rate

Evaporation factor

Flammability (solid, gas)

No information available

No information available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits No information available

Vapour pressure at 20 °C 115Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C 634.6Pa (0.63kPa)

Vapour density No information available

Density at 20°C 1288.4kg/m³

Relative density 0.44



Bulk densityNo information availableSolubility(ies)No information availablePartition coefficientNo information available

Auto-ignition temperature 201°C

Decomposition Temperature No information available

Kinematic viscosity at 40°C >20.5mm²/s Explosive properties Not applicable Oxidising properties Not applicable

9.2. Other information

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2. Chemical stability

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Not applicable

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong acids, oxidising materials, alkalis and strong basis.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available. In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

Acute toxicity (Acute oral toxicity)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however it does contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3.



Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Acute toxicity (Acute dermal toxicity)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.

Acute toxicity (Acute inhalation toxicity)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3. Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation

Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3. Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.

Reproductive Toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

Aspiration Hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.



11.2. Components influencing toxicology

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acut	Acute toxicity		
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate	LD50 oral	1100 mg/kg	Rat	
CAS: 55406-53-6	LD50 dermal	2100 mg/kg	Rabbit	
CAS: 33400-33-0	LC50 inhalation	3 mg/L (ATEi)		
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg	Rat	
CAS: 2634-33-5	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg		
6.0.2031 33 3	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L		
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-	LD50 oral	64 mg/kg	Rat	
2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	LD50 dermal	87.12 mg/kg	Rabbit	
	LC50 inhalation	0.33 mg/L (4 h)	Rat	

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

	Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity	
Oral >5000mg/kg (Calculation method)		Non-applicable
Dermal >5000mg/kg (Calculation method)		Non-applicable
Inhalation	>2040.82mg/L (4h) (Calculation method)	0%

11.3. Information on other hazards

Not information available.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Acute toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate	LC50	0.07 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 55406-53-6	EC50	0.09 mg/L (96 h)	Mysidopsis bahia	Crustacean
	EC50	0.05 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	LC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
one CAS: 2634-33-5	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
one dis. 2031 33 3	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-	LC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
one and 2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
CAS: 55965-84-9	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (72 h)		Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate	NOEC	0.0084 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 55406-53-6	NOEC	0.0499 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Identification	Degradability		Biodegrad	ability
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 2634-33-5	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
0.203 1 33 3	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	0 %



12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
3-iodo-2-propynyl Butylcarbamate	BCF	36
CAS: 55406-53-6	Pow Log	2.4
C/13. 33 100 33 0	Potential	Moderate
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	BCF	2
one CAS: 2634-33-5	Pow Log	1.45
Sile (18.205) 33 3	Potential	Low

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available.

12.1. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria.

12.2. Other adverse effects

Not described.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Code	Description	Waste class
*	It is not possible to assign a specific code, as it depends on the intended use by the user	Hazardous

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated: UK legislation: The Waste Regulations 2011.

Disposal methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

13.2. Waste class

HP14 Ecotoxic.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. Clasification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID)

Non-applicable.



14.2. Transport by sea GGVSee/IMDG-Code

Non-applicable.

14.3. Air Transport ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR

Non-applicable.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant. Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant.

The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015:

Non-applicable.

Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc.):

Shall not be used in:

—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps

and ashtrays,

- -tricks and jokes,
- -games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica must be controlled pursuant to Directive (EU) 2019/130.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended) EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture.



16. OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3.

GB CLP Regulation:

Acute Tox. 2: H310+H330 - Fatal in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 3: H301 - Toxic if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 3: H331 - Toxic if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1: H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Corr. 1C: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Classification procedure:

Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method.

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.

cATpE: Converted acute toxicity point estimate.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

 EC_{50} : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (International Bulk Chemical Code).

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

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IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

LOAEC: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level. LOEC: Lowest Observed Effect Concentration.

MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978.

NOAEC: No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration.

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

REACH: The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Asp. Tox. = Aspiration hazard

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid

Repr. = Reproductive toxicity

Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation

Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Key literature references and sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/ SDS from supplier.

Revision comments

Revision date 25/03/2024 Revision 1 Supersedes date

Not applicable SDS status

Approved.

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